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Haydari [ENG SUBS] *Ali Ibn Abi Talib (as) is the first khalifa*

Great Ameer Muawiya | Shan e Hazrat Ameer e Muawiya | First Islamic Admiral Hazrat Ali Ep06 | Hazrat Ali Aur Hazrat Ayesha Ki Jung E Jamal | Kaavish Hazrat Muavia (R.A) and Mercyful Kingship - English Subtitles | Molana Tariq Jameel **Hazrat MOAVIAH r.a, Maola ALI r.a peh LA'NAT kewn kerwatay thay ??? (By Engineer Muhammad Ali Mirza Jang E Safeen by Maulana Tariq Jameel | Hazrat Ali | Hazrat Muawiya | Tariq Jameel Emotional 2020 Ali And Muawiya In Early**

Before and/or after Ali's death, Mu'awiya received oaths of allegiance in one or two formal ceremonies in Jerusalem, the first in late 660/early 661 and the second in July 661. The 10th-century Jerusalemite geographer al-Maqdisi holds that Mu'awiya had further developed a mosque originally built by Caliph Umar on the Temple Mount and received his formal oaths of allegiance there. [103]

Muawiyah I - Wikipedia

Ali And Muawiya In Early Before and/or after Ali's death, Mu'awiya received oaths of allegiance in one or two formal ceremonies in Jerusalem, the first in late 660/early 661 and the second in July 661. The 10th-century Jerusalemite geographer al-Maqdisi holds that Mu'awiya had further developed a mosque originally

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The battle between Sayyidina Muawiya (Radiallahu anhu) and Sayyidina Ali (Radiallahu anhu) is quite well-known. During the time when he was ruling Syria it happened that a person called Ibn Khaybari, seeing his wife was committing adultery, could not bear it and killed her. The case came before Muawiya (Radiallahu anhu).

Muawiya and Ali: What was the Problem? - by Imam Saadullah ...

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As soon as Ali (r) was assassinated (661) Muawiya made preparations to invade Mecca, Madina and Iraq. Hassan ibn Ali had been elected the Caliph in Kufa and he marched forth with a force of 12,000 Iraqis to

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meet Muawiya. But the Iraqis proved unreliable allies and deserted before the battle started.

Muawiya | History of Islam

Mu'awiyah, early Islamic leader and founder of the great Umayyad dynasty of caliphs. An opponent of Ali, the fourth caliph and Muhammad's son-in-law, Mu'awiyah assumed the caliphate after Ali's assassination and established his capital in Damascus. He expanded the empire as far west as Kairouan and as far east as Khorasan.

Mu'awiyah I | Biography, History, & Significance | Britannica

Ali's general Ashtar, at the head of 300 Hafiz-e-Qur'an (those who had memorized the Koran) led forward the other wing, which fell with fury on Muawiya's body-guards. Four of its five ranks were cut to pieces, and Muawiya, bethinking himself of flight, had already called for his horse, when a martial couplet flashed in his mind, and he held his ground.

Battle of Siffin - Wikipedia

Some early sources state that Muawiya II abdicated before his death. In any case, Marwan ibn Hakam became caliph afterwards and the Sufyanid caliphate came to an end. [31] According to Wellhausen, the story of abdication by Muawiya II is likely a Marwanid fabrication, since they had sidelined Sufyanids despite there being a pact that Yazid's second son Khalid will succeed Marwan. [30]

Yazid I - Wikipedia

Ali protected Muhammad from an early age, and took part in almost all the battles fought by the nascent Muslim community. After migrating to Medina, he married Muhammad's daughter Fatimah, and after her death, he had other wives, including Muhammad's granddaughter Umamah bint Zaynab.

Ali - Wikipedia

by Bal'ami (Public Domain) The First Fitna (656-661 CE) was the first civil war of the Islamic Empire fought between the fourth Rashidun Caliph, Ali ibn Abi Talib (656-661 CE), and the governor of Syria, Muawiya (later Muawiya I; r. 661-680 CE). Deep fissures divided the empire after the murder of the third caliph Uthman (r. 644-656 CE) in 656 CE.

First Fitna - Ancient History Encyclopedia

Home » Featured » The disagreement between Ali and Muawiya (ra) The disagreement between Ali and Muawiya (ra) Apr 29, 2016 | Filed under: Featured, Islam ... Those who conspired against 'Uthm'n (Allah be pleased with him) were high in numbers and if dealt with too early would have struck an uproar and caused further fitnah throughout the ...

The disagreement between Ali and Muawiya (ra)

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Early life. Muawiya was the son of Yazid I and an unknown mother from the Kalb tribe. She is often confused with Umm Hashim Fakhita bint Abi Hashim, mother of Muawiya's half-brother Khalid ibn Yazid.. Reign. Before Yazid I died, he had the bay'ah made to his son Muawiya. Muawiya succeeded his father in Damascus in 64 AH (November 683 CE), at an age of somewhere between 17 and 23.

Muawiya II - Wikipedia

On insulting 'Ali Ibn Abi Talib and cursing him during the Umayyah period starting in Muawiyah's reign, it is reported that: "'Ali Ibn Abi Talib (ra) was cursed on the pulpits (manabir) of the east and west...", during the time of Muawiyah. Sunni reference: Mu'jam al-Buldan, al-Hamawi, v5, p38

Muawiyah and Abusing Imam Ali (as) | A Shi'ite ...

In 661 CE, after Ali's assassination, Hasan ibn Ali attained to the caliphate. There was a military conflict between Caliph Ali and Muawiya ibn Abu Sufyan (see Battle of Siffin); and to avoid the agonies of a further civil war, Hasan signed the Hasan-Muawiya treaty with Muawiyah. According to the treaty, Hasan ceded the caliphate to Muawiyah but the latter could name no successor during his reign; instead, he was to let the Islamic world choose its successor afterward.

Hasan-Muawiya treaty - Wikipedia

To set Muawiya's defiance straight, Ali marched his coalition army towards Syria. The two forces met at Siffin, in 657 CE, and the fight that ensued lasted for many days. At the climax, the Rashidun troops pushed the Syrians to the verge of breaking.

Ali ibn Abi Talib - Ancient History Encyclopedia

In 657, Muawiya's army attacked the army of Ali at the Battle of Siffin. After the death of Ali in 661, Muawiya's army approached that of Ali's son and successor, Hasan ibn Ali. In order to avoid further bloodshed, Hasan signed a peace treaty with Muawiyah.

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